

TITLE:Causes of Gender DiscriminationSUMMARY:

The issue of gender inequality increases when it comes to higher education. Different approaches towards education are due to cultural boundaries. In Pakistan, for instance, women education is considered unnecessary as they have to get married and become a housewife in the end. This is a major issue in rural areas. Ministry of women development states that only 5% women attained Bachelor and 1.4% women attained a Master degree in 2007. Similarly, WEF reported that Pakistan unlike many other countries still has gender gap at 20% and less than half of women are literate. Economic backwardness and dependence on men stems from irrelevant economics subjects, prejudices and unequal job opportunities. As they cannot own property and have minimum control over household economic resources, majority women live below the poverty line. For instance, only one-quarter women are included in labour force compared to 85% men. WEF 2020 reports that only 5% leadership roles are held by women and just 18% labour income goes to women. Women empowerment is the necessary task to do right for better development of the country.

Q. No. 2 Part (ii)

USELESS TO IMPART EDUCATION.

Pakistan has a strong cultural background and people still practice many of these traditions for old eras. In Pakistan, a family considers it useless and unnecessary to impart education to their daughters because they think that women do not need education. They will get married eventually and have to take responsibilities of making and maintaining household and give birth to babies and at last get involving in babysitting. Due to this reason majority of rural girls drop out of primary school and less than half of women are literate. The prejudices of people make them believe that women do not have to earn money. So, there is no need for educating them.

Q. No. 2 Part (iii)

REASON OF DROP OUT.

The drop out of majority of girls in the rural areas stems from the cultural boundaries, gender inequality and various gender roles. People in Pakistan especially the rural areas are biased and the family believes the women education is not necessary as they will end up getting married and make a household and take responsibilities of maintaining house and babysitting. Due to these reasons, the families force their daughters to drop out at primary level. This is more common in rural areas as the people lack education and awareness about importance of women education for development of countries and even betterment of families.

Q. No. 2 Part (iv)

FACTORS OF JOBLESSNESS .

Majority of the women in Pakistan are jobless and economically dependent on men. As a report states that only one-quarter of women in Pakistan participate in labour force. The reason of women joblessness is of course gender inequality. Women in Pakistan choose poor or irrelevant subjects in academics which leads to reduce their job opportunities. Another important factor is cultural boundaries and stereotypes. People are biased and do not like to educate their girls or let them do office jobs. Similarly, marriage is another factor that hinders their job opportunities. People don't allow their wives to work. These factors lead to their joblessness. They are prohibited to own lands and women can not find equal work opportunities.

Q. No. 2 Part (v)

CONTRIBUTION OF WOMEN.

Gender inequality and a number of other factors lead women to live below the poverty line. In Pakistan, this condition is very severe as only one-quarter of women participate in labour force as compared with 85% of men. In a report WEF states that only 18% of Pakistan's labour income goes to women, one of the lowest share among countries. The contribution of women in labour force is extremely low as women are not given equal job opportunities.

Different approaches towards male and female education, cultural stereotypes, low literacy rate, joblessness and factors like marriage and responsibilities of household make their contribution in labour force and eventually in development of country reduced.

Q. No. 2 Part (vi)

WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

I strongly agree with the writer that financial empowerment of women is the key to boost a sustainable development in the country. Women make nearly half of the total population of the country. If they are left behind, the country can not progress. From the examples of developed countries, one can see that when women started taking part in national progress only then the countries reached success. Thus, for sustainable development in countries, it is necessary that women are given equal opportunities and education, so they work as professionals for the betterment of the country.

^{ee} "No nation can rise to the level of glory unless your women are side by side with you." (Quaid-e-Azam)

Q. No. 3 (a)

(1)

(i) FAMILIAR WITH THE SONG:

William Wordsworth when hears the Scottish Highland lass singing a song, asks that what the maiden is singing. As, the maiden is singing in a dialect unknown to the poet, so the poet is unfamiliar with the song. He says that perhaps the song is about something old things or battles but as he had not heard the song before and is unfamiliar with the dialect. The girl is singing in gelic dialect i.e. the local dialects of Scottish people.

(ii) PLAINITIVE NUMBERS:

The poet says that the maiden is singing in a melancholic tone. The phrase "plaintive numbers flow" means that the sad voice of the maiden flows through the valley. Her melancholic song is perhaps of old, sad things or battles that were fought a long time ago. Regardless, of the topic, the sad and sorrow notes of the maiden's song leave an imprint on the poet's mind and he finds them near to his heart.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever"

(iii) POETIC DEVICE: Poetic devices of alliteration, enjambment and

^{Rhetorical question are used.}
• **Alliteration:** - The use of consonant sounds in the beginning of words is alliteration. For instance, Perhaps the plaintive numbers flow (repetition of /p/); she sings (repetition of /s/).

She sells sea shells by the sea shore (repetition of /s/).

• **Enjambment:** - Jumping to another line without the use of punctuations. Perhaps the plaintive numbers flow

• **Rhetoric:** To ask a question whose answer is known. Will no one tell me what she sings?

Q. No. 3 (b)

CHARACTERIZATION.

The process of describing the characters is called characterization. It is one of the basic tools of the literary work as through characterization the author describes the physical appearance of the characters and their judgements and thus sets the literary piece of writing. Characterization appears as an important tool in setting the people and indulging the writers in its sequences. There are two types of characterization:

• **Direct Characterization:** Direct Characterization involves that the writer describes the physical appearances of characters through sentences.

In reference to **Lord of the Flies** written by William Golding, the writer tries to help in making images of characters in reader's mind and their qualities through direct characterization.

Piggy: The writer says that Piggy has red face, wears glasses. Thus, describing his fat appearance and weakness.

Rodger: Rodger is described as indifferent by his "ice-blue blooded eyes".

Jack: Jack is described as a freckled, white-faced boy who leads the "hunters" and shows signs of savagery.

Ralph: Ralph on the other hand, is described as a leader and calm person.

• **Indirect Characterization:** When the writer describes the personalities of characters through their dialogues and actions.

In reference to **Lord of the Flies**, the writer describes the savage character of Jack and leadership qualities of Ralph through their interactions. Similarly, Piggy is described as an intellectual as he suggests use of conch.

Types of Characters:

Characters can be protagonist i.e. the main character who

Q. No. 3 (b) goes through series of changes (Ralph) or Antagonist i.e. the rival of the protagonist (Jack). Similarly, they can be flat or static i.e. they don't go through change (Littluns) or round or dynamic i.e. they change over the course of literary work. (Jack, Ralph).

Thus, characterization is an important tool in literary devices as through it the writer describes the personalities of characters and the conflict which they face. It helps the readers to get a better view of the scenario of the story and imagine the characters in their minds.

In reference to "Lord of Flies" some characters are:

Ralph: The protagonist who believes in civilization.

Jack: The antagonist who acts savagely and loses innocence.

Piggy: The intellectual static character killed in the end.

The Future of Pakistan

"There is no power on Earth that can undo Pakistan."

The Muslims of the sub-continent, under the leadership of Quaid-e-Azam, fought a long battle to attain a homeland which they gave the beautiful name, Pakistan. After living under the British government and Hindu majority, they finally came to know that the only solution of survival of Muslims of sub-continent is a separate homeland where they can live according to the principles of Quran and Sunnah. So, they worked hard and finally got an independent state.

"Hindus and Muslims are two nations that can not live together." (Quaid-e-Azam)

The country that was once achieved to live lives according to Quran is now facing enormous challenges. It is not any external factor that is challenging us now, but our internal problems are creating an environment of instability that is hampering our progress.

The major challenge faced by Pakistan today is economical instability. The economy of our country is extremely low. Even after 75 years of independence, Pakistan is still an underdeveloped

country. It is because of many reasons. First problem is backwardness of agriculture sector. Pakistan is basically an agrarian country.

"Agriculture is the backbone of Pakistan."

Thus, the backwardness of agriculture sector hampers the economy. At time of Partition, our agricultural imports were more than 50%; now they are less than $\frac{2}{3}$. Another problem of economic instability is poor infrastructure, poor industrial development and dependence on imports. All our raw materials ~~from~~ are imported which makes us in trade deficit. Due to which, we are greatly depending on foreign aids and loans.

"Bread is the basic necessity of life."

Monetary funds, poverty and unemployment of people creates hike in prices. Inflation is an other reason of our under development. People in slums areas die of hunger as they cannot earn enough money to buy food.

Lawlessness, corruption, dependent judiciary and injustice makes Pakistan a country in which common man fears to live. The role of judiciary is very poor. Corruption and Embezzlement, hypocrites create an air of unrest.

"Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere."

Another challenge faced by Pakistan is political instability and giving power to corrupt people. Frequent change in government leads to incomplete projects. Long periods of undemocratic rule and autocratic role of bureaucracy leads to people develop a feeling of deprivation. Democracy is a vital part of development of a country. People can't develop until they are ruled by government of their choice.

"Democracy is government of the people, by the people, for the people." (A. Lincoln)

These challenges and many other like over-population, pollution, differences in languages, national disintegration and provincialism and proclialism are threatening our future. Thus, the need of the hour is to understand the problems and find a solution to them.

Pakistanis need to work with national unity and follow the moto of Quaid-e-Azam of "Unity, Faith and Discipline" and "Work, work and work" to achieve economic stability. We need to forget our differences and revive our brotherhood spirit to work for the development of our country. This is the only way we can prosper and promise ourselves a safe and sound future. We need to work along with the government so we can create a better environment for our future generations.

"You cannot solve a problem with same level of thinking that created it." (Albert Einstein)

Q. No. 5 (a)

CORRECTION OF ERRORS.

One should take care of one's studies in school, college and university. The time of our disposal is not long. The more we attend to our lectures in classes and to books at home, the more we learn and gain. A little effort is needed to get the best reading materials from the libraries and the internet.

Q. No. 5 (b)

IDIOMATIC EXPRESSIONS .

If you look forward to achieve your goal and make one's mark, you will have to bring into play all your ability. If you keep on going at a snail's pace, you will have to cut a sorry figure in the end.

Q. No. 5 (c)

NARRATION.

The boy told his father that he wanted to join a boarding school the following year. His father asked why he wanted to do it. The boy replied that he could not concentrate on his studies there. The father affirmed that he couldn't get his point yet, however he had no objection to his joining a boarding school.

To: The Chief Executive,

NGO of Environmental Protection and Rehabilitation,

6th May, 2024.

City: A.B.C.

From: Member of NGO,

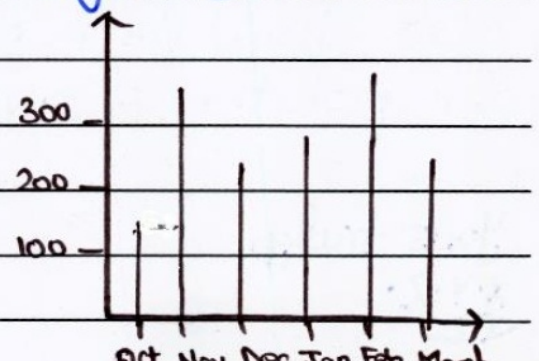
City: A.B.C

Subject: Report on Problems due to Smog and Pollution.

Sir,

As a member of the NGO, I write a survey report about the distress being faced by the people owing to immense smog and pollution in city A.B.C. I along with my team members; an environmentalist, a cameraman and a recorder, did a search and submit my findings:

• **Root cause of problem:** For the past few months, the pollution including noise, water, air and land pollution has increased to an alarming level. Smoke from the factories and burning of fossil fuels in the air are root causes of air pollution. This smoke when mixes with fog gives rise to smog i.e. a yellowish gas. Smog is extremely harmful for humans due to which a large number of our people are affected by it. This smog affects the respiratory system and blinds the vision. Due to which, a large number of accidents are occurring. The accidents that took place in the past six months are alarming. Here, I present a graph of no. of accidents due to low vision in our city.



• Role of State / Public: The role of state and public in these hardships is obvious. Excess use of vehicles and burning of fossil fuels causes the smoke to be released. People do not pay attention to their environment. For their own comfort, private cars are used which actually cause the increased number of smoke in the air. Besides, contributing to air pollution and smog, they litter the land and use of plastic bags, deforestation and the non-biodegradable usage has made the land terrible. Sewage domestic water and industrial effluents are disturbing the marine life. In addition, excess use of vehicles' horns has created an atmosphere of uncertainty. The state pays no attention to these alarming issue. Neglect of state is the major problem in widespread of this problem.

• Conclusion: Smog and pollution are caused by human activities and they are causing a lot of destruction to mankind. Thus, these issues need to be addressed by iron hands.

• Suggestions: The measures required to control the spread of smog and increase in pollution are: (1) Use of public transport to avoid release of smoke. (2) Use of renewable energy sources. (3) Forestation (4) Awareness about Clean Pakistan, Green Pakistan. (5) Practice of 3'Rs (6) Role of State should be increased. (7) Laws should be passed for protection of environment.

Yours truly,

X.Y.Z.

XYZ

FUTURE TENSE

The company will have hired an efficient architect and draftsman. He will be working on this project. He will have completed the initial draft. He will be going to share it with the management shortly. He will hope to get the approval very soon.

